

Spend Plan
August and September of FY 2025 & all of FY 2026
Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act (SNPLMA)
Including other legislative acts
where funding is held in the SNPLMA Special Treasury Account

Category	FY 2025 (\$ in thousands)	FY 2026 (\$ in thousands)	Note
SNPLMA Section 4(e)(3)(A)			
Acquisition of Environmentally Sensitive Land (ESLA)	2	4,152	
Capital Improvements (CIP)	8,995	184,646	
Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP)	-	4,099	Cooperative Agreements
Parks, Trails, and Natural Areas (PTNA)	-	262,620	Cooperative Agreements
Conservation Initiatives (CI)	792	15,351	
Lake Tahoe Restoration Act (114 Stat. 2354) (LTRA)	1,010	2,730	
Multijurisdictional Hazardous Fuels Reduction and Wildfire Prevention Federal Agency Funding (Fuels Fed)	3,399	17,131	
Multijurisdictional Hazardous Fuels Reduction and Wildfire Prevention Non-Federal Agency Funding (Fuels Non-Fed)	-	6,346	Cooperative Agreements
Eastern Nevada Landscape Restoration Project - Federal (ENLRP Fed)	1,740	11,474	
Eastern Nevada Landscape Restoration Project - Non-Federal (ENLRP Non-Fed)	-	542	Grant
Overnight for Approved Projects	2,177	7,930	
Land Disposals	4,692	5,220	
Land Exchanges	71	1,089	
Special Account Reversal (SAR)	4,500	45,500	
SNPLMA Section 4(e)(3)(A) Total	27,329	488,811	
Santini-Burton Act as amended by SNPLMA (Santini-Burton)	6	411	
Sloan Canyon National Conservation Area (Sloan)	424	1,165	
Total	27,759	490,387	

SNPLMA Section 4(e)(3)(A) states funds in the special Treasury account shall be expended by the Secretary for the following purposes. For additional details, please refer to the SNPLMA Spend Plan Information Supplement.
ESLA - the acquisition of environmentally sensitive land in the State of Nevada with priority given to lands located within Clark County.
CIP - capital improvements at the Lake Mead National Recreation Area, the Desert National Wildlife Refuge, the Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area, the Great Basin National Park and other areas administered by the Bureau of Land Management and the Forest Service in Clark, Lincoln and White Pine Counties, and the Spring Mountains National Recreation Area.
MSHCP - development and implementation of a multi-species habitat conservation plan in Clark County, Nevada.
PTNA - development of parks, trails, and natural areas in Clark, Lincoln, Churchill, and White Pine Counties and Carson City, Nevada, pursuant to a cooperative agreement with a unit of local government or regional governmental entity.
The term "unit of local government" means Clark County, the City of Las Vegas, the City of North Las Vegas, or the City of Henderson; all in the State of Nevada.
The term "regional governmental entity" means the Southern Nevada Water Authority, the Regional Flood Control District, and the Clark County Sanitation District.
CI - up to 10 percent of amounts available, to be used for conservation initiatives on Federal land in Clark, Lincoln, and White Pine Counties and Carson City, Nevada, administered by the Department of the Interior or the Department of Agriculture.
LTRA - transfers to the Secretary of Agriculture, or, if the Secretary of Agriculture enters into a cooperative agreement with the head of another Federal agency, the head of the Federal agency, for Federal environmental restoration projects under sections 6 and 7 of the Lake Tahoe Restoration Act (114 Stat. 2354), environmental improvement payments under section 2(g) of Public Law 96-586 (94 Stat. 3382), and any Federal environmental restoration project included in the environmental improvement program adopted by the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency in February 1998 (as amended), in an amount equal to the cumulative amounts authorized to be appropriated for such projects under those Acts, in accordance with a revision to the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998 Implementation Agreement to implement this section, which shall include a mechanism to ensure appropriate stakeholders from the States of California and Nevada participate in the process to recommend projects for funding.
Fuels - development and implementation of comprehensive, cost-effective, multijurisdictional hazardous fuels reduction and wildfire prevention plans (including sustainable biomass and biofuels energy development and production activities) for the Lake Tahoe Basin (to be developed in conjunction with the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency), the Carson Range in Douglas and Washoe Counties and Carson City in the State, and the Spring Mountains in the State
Fuels Fed and Fuels Non-Fed Any signatory to the Fuels Plan is eligible to receive funding. The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) provides funding to non-Federal entities through Cooperative Agreements. For the purposes of the Spend Plan, funding was divided between Federal and non-Federal entities to clearly illustrate how much will be expended directly by BLM and the Forest Service (FS), versus the amount that will be awarded by BLM to non-Federal entities through Cooperative Agreements.
ENLRP - to carry out the Eastern Nevada Landscape Restoration Project in White Pine County, Nevada and Lincoln County, Nevada
ENLRP Fed and ENLRP Non-Fed Public Law 109-432, Title III, Subtitle G, states that SNPLMA funds shall be used to restore native rangelands and native woodlands in White Pine and Lincoln Counties. The Secretaries of the Interior (DOI) and Agriculture (USDA) may make grants to the Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition, the Great Basin Institute, and other entities for the study and restoration of rangeland and other lands in the Great Basin. These efforts support the reduction of hazardous fuels, restoration of native rangeland and woodlands, and other related purposes.
For the purposes of the Spend Plan, funding was divided between Federal and non-Federal entities to clearly show how much will be expended directly by BLM, the Forest Service (FS), and the National Park Service (NPS), versus the amount that will be awarded by BLM to the Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition through an agreement.
Overnight for Approved Projects - the BLM has an essential role in identifying projects for recommendation to the Secretary for funding, as well as overseeing those approved to ensure accountability and that demonstrable results are achieved in alignment with the project's intended purpose. In addition, BLM's responsibilities include land management, approval of operating budgets, administration of inter-agency and assistance agreements, investment management, ensuring cash availability, processing financial reports, and coordinating disbursements of funds.
Land Disposals - Expenses incurred by BLM local offices in arranging land sales include costs associated with clearing debris and protecting land located within the disposal boundary, and parcels reserved anywhere in the State of Nevada for affordable housing.
Land Exchanges - Under Public Law 117-263, Title XXIX, Subtitle A, Section 2908, SNPLMA funding shall be used by the BLM and the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) to facilitate the exchange of Federal land for private land in Churchill County. The purpose of these exchanges is to resolve the checkerboard pattern of Federal and private land ownership in the area.
SAR - In Round 20 the Secretary approved a \$50 million SAR. The purpose of the SAR is to fund unexpected shortfalls between estimated and actual costs for approved projects due to unexpected or unavoidable cost increases. SAR funds for Secretarial approved projects may be expended for any ongoing project as directed by the SNPLMA Executive Committee (EC).
The EC is structured to act on behalf of the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture. The coordination required between the DOI and the Department of Agriculture occurs, in part, within this Committee. The EC is composed of the State or Regional Director of the four Federal land management agencies as listed below: • Bureau of Land Management - State Director, Nevada State Office U.S. Department of the Interior, Region 8, 10 (Chair) • National Park Service - Regional Director, National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, Region 8, 9, 10, 12 • U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service - Regional Director, Department of the Interior, Region 8 • U.S. Forest Service - Regional Forester, Intra-Mountain Region (Region 4) • Bureau of Land Management Chief Financial Officer as a non-voting financial advisor
Santini-Burton - The Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act (SNPLMA) amended the Santini-Burton Act (Public Law 96-586) by directing that revenue generated from the sale of lands within the Santini-Burton disposal boundary be deposited into the SNPLMA Special Account in the U.S. Treasury as a mandatory set-aside. These funds may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture to acquire environmentally sensitive lands and interests in land within the Lake Tahoe Basin from willing sellers.
Sloan - The National Conservation Area's enabling legislation, Public Law 107-282, specified that a percentage of the proceeds from the sale of a federal tract identified in the Act would be deposited in the SNPLMA special Treasury account as a mandatory set aside. These funds are available to the Secretary for expenditure on construction, operation, and repair of facilities, trails, and roads to support the management of the area; and research on and interpretation of the archaeological and geological resources of the area.

Spend Plan by Federal Agency						
BLM	FS	FWS	NPS	BOR		
2	1,287	-	2,885			
6,186	55,651	831	1,355	40	6,738	1,577
	4,099					
-	262,620					
100	7,257	96	1,658	45	3,058	951
		978	2,981	35	149	
7	48	3,343	17,085			
-	6,346					
190	6,528	1,560	4,816	-	336	
	542					
2,177	7,930					
4,692	5,220					
55	762					16
4,500	45,500					337
424	1,165	6	411			
18,333	404,243	6,801	30,751	120	7,943	2,128
				22,292	377	25,157

BLM - Bureau of Land Management
FS - U.S. Forest Service
FWS - United States Fish and Wildlife Service
NPS - National Park Service
BOR - Bureau of Reclamation